

# NATIVE PLANTING AREA

This native planting area plan was designed by a local landscape architect to attract pollinators to your yard.

You can adjust the size of your planting area by reducing the number of plants. Try to keep each plant in groups of at least three. If you choose to eliminate some plants, make sure you have at least one plant blooming in each season to insure that the pollinators have food throughout the growing season.

This is just one option--there are many species of native plants that are great for pollinators.

	Scientific Name	Common Name	Quantity	Color	Bloom Season	Spacing	Height
A	<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i>	Little Bluestem	5	Green	Mid-Late	18" oc	2-3'
B	<i>Monarda fistulosa</i>	Bergamot	6	Purple	Early-Mid	18" oc	2-4'
C	<i>Zizia aurea</i>	Golden Alexanders	3	Yellow	Early	12" oc	2-3'
D	<i>Asclepias tuberosa</i>	Butterflyweed	3	Orange	Mid	18" oc	1-2'
E	<i>Ratibida pinnata</i>	Yellow Coneflower	3	Yellow	Mid-Late	18" oc	3-5'
F	<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>	Purple Coneflower	3	Purple	Mid-Late	18" oc	3-4'
G	<i>Solidago riddellii</i>	Riddell's Goldenrod	4	Yellow	Late	12" oc	2-4'
H	<i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i>	Mountain Mint	3	White	Mid	12" oc	1-2'
I	<i>Liatris aspera</i>	Rough Blazing Star	5	Purple	Mid	12" oc	1-3'
J	<i>Baptisia australis</i>	Blue False Indigo	5	Purple	Early	12" oc	2-4'
K	<i>Penstemon digitalis</i>	Smooth Penstemon	6	White	Early-Mid	12" oc	1-2'

